

# Girls Get Curves



## Solution Guide for Chapter 3

Here are the solutions for the “Doing the Math” exercises in *Girls Get Curves*!

**DTM from p. 42**

2. We are allowed to assume straight lines from diagrams, like for example, since  $\overline{RZ}$  appears to be a straight line, it really is! And since A appears on that line, we can also assume that R, A, and Z are all collinear.

**Answer: True**

3. Hm, is  $CY > RZ$ ? It sure looks like it from the diagram, but we certainly can't assume it.

**Answer: Not enough information**

4. Is it necessarily true that  $m\angle CAR + m\angle RAY = 180^\circ$ ? Yep! We can see that  $\angle CAR$  &  $\angle RAY$  add together to form a straight angle  $\angle CAY$ . How do we know for sure? Because we can assume straight lines and also intersecting lines, that's all we need to know that yes, those angles do add up to a straight line!

**Answer: True**

5. Since we can assume from the diagram that the lines  $\overline{CY}$  &  $\overline{RZ}$  intersect at the point A, we know that Y cannot be on the same line as  $\overline{RZ}$ , so that means R, A, and Y cannot be collinear.

**Answer: False**

6. Since we know that A is between R and Z (this is something we can assume when three points are collinear like this), that means it must be true that  $RA < RZ$ , which means that  $RZ > RA$  is false!

**Answer: False**

7. It sure looks like  $\overline{CR} \parallel \overline{ZY}$ , but we certainly can't assume it!

**Answer: Not enough information**

8. Yes!  $\angle CAY$  sure looks straight, and we ARE allowed to assume straight angles from diagrams. So that means we can assume that  $\angle CAY = 180^\circ$ .

**Answer: True**

9. It sure looks like  $\angle RZY$  is a right angle, but we're not allowed to assume it! After all, it could be like  $90.000001^\circ$ , and it wouldn't be a right angle, would it?

**Answer: Not enough information**

10. We are allowed to assume vertical angles, and that's what  $\angle CAR$  &  $\angle ZAY$  are! Since vertical angle pairs are always congruent, that means we know for sure that  $\angle CAR \cong \angle ZAY$ .

**Answer: True**